

§410.5

34 CFR Ch. IV (7–1–03 Edition)

§410.5 What definitions apply?

(a) The definitions in 34 CFR 400.4 apply to this part, except for the definition of the term *Act*.

(b) The following definitions also apply to this part:

Act means the Tribally Controlled Vocational Institutions Support Act of 1990.

Indian means a person who is a member of an Indian tribe.

Indian student count means a number equal to the total number of Indian students enrolled in each tribally controlled vocational institution, determined as follows:

(1) The registrations of Indian students as in effect on October 1 of each year.

(2) Credits or clock hours toward a certificate earned in classes offered during a summer term must be counted toward the computation of the Indian student count in the succeeding fall term.

(3) Credits or clock hours toward a certificate earned in classes during a summer term must be counted toward the computation of the Indian student count if the institution at which the student is in attendance has established criteria for the admission of the student on the basis of the student's ability to benefit from the education or training offered. The institution is presumed to have established those criteria if the admission procedures for those studies include counseling or testing that measures the student's aptitude to successfully complete the course in which the student has enrolled. Credit earned by the student for purposes of obtaining a high school degree or its equivalent may not be counted toward the computation of the Indian student count.

(4) Indian students earning credits in any continuing education program of a tribally controlled vocational institution must be included in determining the sum of all credit or clock hours.

(5) Credits or clock hours earned in a continuing education program must be converted to the basis that is in accordance with the institution's system for providing credit for participation in those programs.

Indian tribe means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group

or community, including any Alaskan native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), that is federally recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.

Tribally controlled postsecondary vocational institution means an institution of higher education that is formally controlled, or has been formally sanctioned or chartered by the governing body of an Indian tribe or tribes, and that offers technical degrees or certificate granting programs. This term does not include an institution that is a tribally controlled community college as defined in 34 CFR 400.4. (See Cong. Rec. S4116 (daily ed. April 5, 1990) (Statement of Senator Bingaman); Cong. Rec. H1708 (daily ed. May 9, 1989) (Statement of Rep. Richardson)).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 2397h and 25 U.S.C. 1801 (1) and (2))

Subpart B—How Does One Apply for an Award?

§410.10 What must an application contain?

(a) An application for a grant under the Tribally Controlled Postsecondary Vocational Institutions Program must include the following:

(1) Documentation showing that the institution is eligible according to the requirements in §410.2.

(2) A description of the fiscal control and fund accounting procedures to be used for all funds received under this program that will allow the Secretary to monitor expenditures and the Education Department Inspector General, the U.S. Comptroller General, or an independent non-Federal auditor to audit the institution's programs.

(3) The institution's operating expenses for the preceding fiscal year, including allowable expenses listed in §410.30.

(4) The institution's Indian student count.

(b) An application for an institutional support grant must also contain a comprehensive development plan addressing the following: